WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2017 REGULAR SESSION

Committee Substitute

for

Senate Bill 259

BY SENATORS TRUMP AND CLINE

[Originating in the Committee on the Judiciary;

reported on March 7, 2017]

1 A BILL to amend and reenact §44-1-1, §44-1-6, §44-1-7, §44-1-8, §44-1-14a and §44-1-26 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; and to amend and reenact §44-5-3 of said 2 3 code, all relating generally to personal representatives of estates; waiving surety 4 requirements for administrators of estates where grantee is sole beneficiary or sole 5 distributee of the decedent; requiring county commission to hold hearing if application filed 6 by interested party to compel nonresident executor otherwise exempt from bond 7 requirements to post bond; requiring county commission to hold hearing if application filed by interested party to compel sole beneficiary to post surety: removing authority of clerk 8 9 of county commission to require bond or surety upon knowledge; making executor or 10 administrator not required to post surety liable upon his or her own personal recognizance 11 in the event of default, failure or misadministration; requiring interested parties objecting 12 to the gualifications of a personal representative or venue to file notice with the county 13 commission sixty days after the date of first publication; authorizing action against bond 14 surety when execution on judgment or decree against personal representative is returned 15 without being satisfied; and making technical corrections.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §44-1-1, §44-1-6, §44-1-7, §44-1-8, §44-1-14a and §44-1-26 of the Code of West
Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that §44-5-3 of said code be
amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVES.

§44-1-1. Executor has no powers before qualifying.

A person appointed by a will executor thereof shall not have the powers of executor until he <u>or she</u> qualifies as such by taking an oath and giving bond, <u>unless not required to post bond</u> <u>by section eight of this article</u>, before the county <u>court commission</u> in which the will, or an authenticated copy thereof, is admitted to record, or before the clerk thereof in vacation, except that he <u>or she</u> may provide for the burial of the testator, pay reasonable funeral expenses and

6 preserve the estate from waste.

§44-1-6. Bond and oath; termination of grant in certain cases.

1 At the time of the grant of administration upon the estate of any intestate, the person to 2 whom it is granted shall, in the court county commission or before the clerk granting it, give bond, 3 unless not required to post bond by section eight of this article, and take an oath that the deceased 4 has left no will so far as he or she knows, and that he or she will faithfully perform the duties of 5 his the office to the best of his or her judgment. If a will of the deceased be afterwards admitted 6 to record, or if, after administration is granted to a creditor or other person than a distributee, any 7 distributee who shall not have before refused shall apply for administration, there may be a grant 8 of probate or administration, after reasonable notice to such creditor or other person theretofore 9 appointed, in like manner as if the former grant had not been made, and such former grant shall 10 thereupon cease.

§44-1-7. Penalty of bond.

(a) Every bond of <u>required to be given by</u> an executor or administrator shall be in a penalty
equal, at the least, to the full value of the personal estate of the deceased to be administered; and
where there is a will which authorizes the executor or administrator to sell real estate, or receive
the rents and profits thereof, the bond shall be in a penalty equal, at the least, to the full value
both of such personal estate and of such real estate, or of such personal estate and of such rents
and profits, as the case may be.

7 (b) If on the filing of the inventory or appraisement of the estate it shall appear that the 8 penalty of the bond does not comply as to amount with the foregoing requirements, the court 9 <u>county commission</u> in which, or the clerk before whom, such bond was given, shall immediately 10 notify such executor or administrator of such fact and require of him <u>or her</u> a new or additional 11 bond, and the failure of such executor or administrator to give the same within a reasonable time 12 shall be sufficient cause for his <u>or her</u> removal.

§44-1-8. When executor or administrator not to give bond; when surety not required.

(a) Subject to the provisions of section three, article five of this chapter governing the appointment of a nonresident of this state as an executor, where the will directs that an executor shall not give bond, it shall not be required of him or her, unless at the time the will is admitted to probate or at any time subsequently, on the application of any person interested, or from the knowledge of the court and after a hearing, it is required by the county commission or clerk admitting the will to probate, it is deemed proper that bond ought to be given.

(b) No surety shall be required on the bond of the executor if he or she is also the sole
beneficiary of the decedent, unless the will directs otherwise, and no surety shall be required on
the bond of the administrator if he or she is the sole distributee of the decedent, unless at the time
the will is admitted to probate or the administrator is appointed or at any time thereafter, on the
application of any person interested, and after a hearing, it is required by the county commission
that surety ought to be given.
(c) In all such cases where no surety is required of the executor or administrator, the

14 <u>executor or administrator shall nevertheless be liable upon his or her bond upon his or her own</u>
15 <u>personal recognizance in the event of default, failure or misadministration by the executor or</u>

16 <u>administrator.</u>

§44-1-14a. Notice of administration of estate; time limits for filing of objections; liability of personal representative.

(a) Within thirty days of the filing of the appraisement of any estate or within one hundred
twenty days of the date of qualification of the personal representative if an appraisement is not
filed as required in section fourteen of this article, the clerk of the county commission shall publish,
once a week for two successive weeks, in a newspaper of general circulation within the county of
the administration of the estate, a notice, which is to include:

6 (1) The name of the decedent;

7 (2) The name and address of the county commission before whom the proceedings are8 pending;

9 (3) The name and address of the personal representative;

10 (4) The name and address of any attorney representing the personal representative;

11 (5) The name and address of the fiduciary commissioner, if any;

12 (6) The date of first publication;

13 (7) A statement that claims against the estate must be filed within sixty days of the date of
14 first publication in accordance with article two or article three-a of this chapter;

(8) A statement that any person seeking to impeach or establish a will must make a
complaint in accordance with section eleven, twelve or thirteen, article five, chapter forty-one of
this code;

(9) A statement that an interested person objecting to the qualifications of the personal
representative or the venue or jurisdiction of the court must be filed with the county commission
within sixty days after the date of first publication or thirty days of service of the notice, whichever
is later; and

22 (10) If the appraisement of the assets of the estate shows the value to be \$200,000 or 23 less, exclusive of real estate specifically devised and nonprobate assets, or, if it appears to the 24 clerk that there is only one beneficiary of the probate estate and that the beneficiary is competent at law, a statement substantially as follows: "Settlement of the estate of the following named 25 26 decedents will proceed without reference to a fiduciary commissioner unless within sixty days 27 from the first publication of this notice a reference is requested by a party in interest or an unpaid 28 creditor files a claim and good cause is shown to support reference to a fiduciary commissioner". 29 If a party in interest requests the fiduciary commissioner to conclude the administration of the 30 estate or an unpaid creditor files a claim, no further notice to creditors shall be published in the 31 newspaper, and the personal representative shall be required to pay no further fees, except to 32 the fiduciary commissioner for conducting any hearings, or performing any other duty as a 33 fiduciary commissioner. The time period for filing claims against the estate shall expire upon the 34 time period set out in the notice to creditors published by the clerk of the county commission as

required in this subsection (a). If an unpaid creditor files a claim, the fiduciary commissioner shall
conduct a hearing on the claim filed by the creditor, otherwise, the fiduciary commissioner shall
conclude the administration of the estate as requested by the interested party.

(11) This notice shall be published as a Class II legal advertisement in compliance with
the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code. The publication of such notice shall
be equivalent to personal service on creditors, distributees and legatees.

(b) If no appraisement is filed within the time period established pursuant to section
fourteen of this article, the county clerk shall send a notice to the personal representative by first
class mail, postage prepaid, indicating that the appraisement has not been filed.

44 (c) The personal representative shall promptly make a diligent search to determine the45 names and addresses of creditors of the decedent who are reasonably ascertainable.

46 (d) The personal representative shall, within sixty days after the date of first publication,
47 serve a copy of the notice, published pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, by first class mail,
48 postage prepaid or by personal service on the following persons:

49 (1) If the personal representative is not the decedent's surviving spouse and not the sole
50 beneficiary or sole heir, the decedent's surviving spouse, if any;

51 (2) If there is a will and the personal representative is not the sole beneficiary, any 52 beneficiaries;

53 (3) If there is not a will and the personal representative is not the sole heir, any heirs;

54 (4) The trustee of any trust in which the decedent was a grantor, if any; and

(5) All creditors identified under subsection (c) of this section, other than a creditor who
filed a claim as provided in article two of this chapter or a creditor whose claim has been paid in
full.

(e) Any person interested in the estate who objects to the qualifications of the personal
 representative or the venue or jurisdiction of the court, shall file notice of an objection with the
 county commission within ninety sixty days after the date of the first publication as required in

subsection (a) of this section or within thirty days after service of the notice as required by
subsection (d) of this section, whichever is later. If an objection is not timely filed, the objection is
forever barred.

(f) A personal representative acting in good faith is not personally liable for serving notice
under this section, notwithstanding a determination that notice was not required by this section.
A personal representative acting in good faith who fails to serve the notice required by this section
is not personally liable. The service of the notice in accordance with this subsection may not be
construed to admit the validity or enforceability of a claim.

(g) The clerk of the county commission shall collect a fee of \$20 for the publication of thenotice required in this section.

(h) For purposes of this section, the term "beneficiary" means a person designated in a
will to receive real or personal property.

§44-1-26. Action on bond of personal representative.

1 Where an execution on a judgment or decree against a personal representative is returned 2 without being satisfied, there may be forthwith brought and prosecuted an action against the 3 obligors <u>surety</u> in any bond given by such personal representative for the faithful discharge of his 4 <u>or her</u> duties.

ARTICLE 5. GENERAL PROVISIONS AS TO FIDUCIARIES.

§44-5-3. Appointment of nonresident; bond; service of notice and process; fees; penalty.

(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no individual who is a nonresident of this
state, nor any banking institution which does not maintain a main office or branch office within this
state nor any corporation having its principal office or place of business outside this state, may be
appointed or act as executor, administrator, curator, testamentary guardian, guardian or
conservator in this state, except that:

6 (1) An individual who is a nonresident of this state may be appointed ancillary administrator
7 of a nonresident decedent's assets situate in this state if such nonresident individual is lawfully

8 acting as executor in said decedent's state of domicile and submits letters of probate
9 authenticated by the probate authorities of the decedent's state of domicile to the clerk of the
10 county commission of any county of this state wherein ancillary administration is sought;

(2) An individual who is a nonresident of this state may be appointed ancillary administrator of a nonresident decedent's assets situate in this state if such nonresident individual is acting as administrator in said decedent's state of domicile and submits letters of administration authenticated by the probate authorities of the decedent's state of domicile to the clerk of the county commission of any county of this state wherein ancillary administration is sought;

16 (3) An individual who is a nonresident of this state may be appointed and act as 17 testamentary guardian of a nonresident infant and thereby exercise dominion and control over 18 such nonresident infant's assets situate in this state upon submission of authenticated 19 documentation that such nonresident testamentary guardian was so appointed at the place of 20 domicile of the nonresident infant. Such authenticated documentation shall be submitted to the 21 clerk of the county commission of any county of this state wherein assets belonging to such 22 nonresident infant are situate;

(4) An individual who is a nonresident of this state and who is named executor by a
resident decedent may qualify and act as executor in this state;

(5) An individual who is a nonresident of this state may be appointed and act as
administrator of a resident decedent's assets in this state if appointed in accordance with the
provisions of section four, article one of this chapter;

(6) An individual who is a nonresident of this state may be appointed as the testamentary
guardian of a resident infant if appointed in accordance with the provisions of section one, article
ten of this chapter; and

(7) An individual who is a nonresident of this state may be appointed as guardian or
 conservator of a resident incompetent: *Provided*, That such appointment is made in accordance
 with the provisions of article two, chapter forty-four-a of this code and if such nonresident

34 individual may otherwise qualify as guardian or conservator.

(b) Nonresident individuals enumerated in subsection (a) of this section shall give bond
with corporate surety thereon, qualified to do business in this state, and the amount of such bond
shall not be less than double the value of the personal assets and double the value of any real
property authorized to be sold or double the value of any rents and profits from any real property
which the nonresident individual is authorized to receive, except that:

40 (1) Any nonresident individual enumerated in subsection (a) of this section who is the
41 spouse, parent, sibling, lineal descendent or sole beneficiary of a resident or nonresident
42 decedent shall give bond with corporate surety thereon qualified to do business in this state, with
43 such penalty as may be fixed pursuant to the provisions of section sections seven or eight, article
44 one of this chapter, as approved by the clerk of the county commission;

45 (2) Where the terms of a decedent's will directs that a nonresident individual enumerated 46 in subdivisions (1), (3), (4) and (6), subsection (a) of this section named in a decedent's will shall 47 not give bond or give bond at a specified amount, it shall not be required or shall be required only 48 to the extent required under the terms of the will, unless at the time the will is admitted to record 49 or at any time subsequently, on the application of any person interested, or from the knowledge 50 of the commission or clerk admitting the will to record, it is deemed proper that greater bond be 51 given.

52 (c) When a nonresident individual is appointed as executor, administrator, testamentary 53 guardian, guardian or conservator pursuant to the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, said 54 individual thereby constitutes the clerk of the county commission wherein such appointment was 55 made as his or her true and lawful attorney-in-fact upon whom may be served all notices and process in any action or proceeding against him or her as executor, administrator, testamentary 56 57 guardian, guardian or conservator or with respect to such estate, and such qualification shall be 58 a manifestation of said nonresident individual's agreement that any notice or process, which is 59 served in the manner hereinafter provided in this subsection, shall be of the same legal force and

60 validity as though such nonresident was personally served with notice and process within this 61 state. Service shall be made by leaving the original and two copies of any notice or process 62 together with a fee of \$5 with the clerk of such county commission. The fee of \$5 shall be 63 deposited with the county treasurer. Such clerk shall thereupon endorse upon one copy thereof 64 the day and hour of service and shall file such copy in his or her office and such service shall constitute personal service upon such nonresident: Provided. That the other copy of such notice 65 66 or process shall be forthwith sent by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, deliver 67 to addressee only, by said clerk or to such nonresident at the address last furnished by him or her to said clerk and either: (1) Such nonresident's return receipt signed by him or her; or (2) the 68 registered or certified mail bearing thereon the stamp of the post office department showing that 69 70 delivery therefore was refused by such nonresident is appended to the original notice or process 71 filed therewith in the office of the clerk of the county commission from which such notice or process 72 was issued. No notice or process may be served on such clerk of the county commission or 73 accepted by him or her less than thirty days before the return date thereof. The clerk of such 74 county commission shall keep a record in his or her office of all such notices and processes and 75 the day and hour of service thereof. The provision for service of notice or process herein provided 76 is cumulative and nothing herein contained shall be construed as bar to service by publication 77 where proper or the service of notice or process in any other lawful mode or manner.

78 (d) The personal estate of a resident decedent, infant or incompetent may not be removed 79 from this state until the inventory or appraisement of that resident decedent's, infant's or 80 incompetent's assets have been filed and any new or additional bond required to satisfy the 81 penalty specified in subsection (b) of this section has been furnished. The liability of a nonresident 82 executor, administrator, testamentary guardian, guardian or conservator and of any such surety 83 shall be joint and several and a civil action on any such bond may be instituted and maintained 84 against the surety, notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary, even though 85 no civil action has been instituted against such nonresident.

(e) Any such nonresident who removes from this state assets administered in and situate
in this state without complying with the provisions of this section, the provisions of article eleven
of this chapter or any other requirement pertaining to fiduciaries generally, shall be guilty of a
misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than \$1,000 or confined in the
county jail for not more than one year, or, in the discretion of the court, by both such fine and
confinement.

92 (f) If a nonresident appointed pursuant to subsection (a) of this section fails or refuses to 93 file an accounting required by this chapter, and the failure continues for two months after the due 94 date, he <u>or she</u> may, upon notice and hearing, be removed or subjected to any other appropriate 95 order by the county commission, and if his <u>or her</u> failure or refusal to account continues for six 96 months, he <u>or she</u> shall be removed by the county commission.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.